# THE CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF ASHCROFT BYLAW NO. 827

Being a bylaw for the Corporation of the Village of Ashcroft to adopt the Five Year Financial Plan commencing the year 2019.

The Council of the Corporation of the Village of Ashcroft, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

- 1. This bylaw may be cited for all purposes as the "Five Year Financial Plan Bylaw No. 827, 2019."
- 2. Schedule "A" and Schedule "B" attached hereto and made part of this bylaw are hereby adopted and are the Five Year Financial Plan of the Village of Ashcroft commencing January 1st, 2019.

READ A FIRST TIME THIS	23 <sup>rd</sup>	DAY OF	April	, 2019
READ A SECOND TIME THIS	23 <sup>rd</sup>	DAY OF	April	, 2019
READ A THIRD TIME THIS	23 <sup>rd</sup>	DAY OF	April	, 2019
RECONSIDERED AND ADOPTED THIS	13 <sup>th</sup>	DAY OF	May	, 2019

Barbara Roden, Mayor

J. Michelle Allen, Chief Administrative Officer

Certified to be a true and correct copy of Bylaw No. 827 as adopted by Council.

J. Michelle Allen, Chief Administrative Officer

YSB/kdw

# THE CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF ASHCROFT

# BYLAW NO. 827 - SCHEDULE "A"

# **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019 - 2023**

	Year 1 2019	Year 2 2020	Year 3 2021	Year 4 2022	<i>Year 5</i> 2023
Revenues					
Property Taxes	1,263,319	1,294,902	1,327,275	1,360,456	1,394,468
Parcel Taxes	168,500	168,500	24 <b>1</b> ,561	241,561	241,561
Fees and Charges					
Sales of Services	222,175	227,175	227,175	227,175	227,175
Other					
User Fees	758,562	855,406	892,674	892,674	892,674
Borrowing Proceeds - MFA	0	0	0	0	0
Other Revenue					
Interest	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000
Grants/Other Govts.	7,508,159	850,000	850,000	850,000	850,000
Other	68,250	73,250	73,250	73,250	73,250
Services to Other GoVts.	24,000	24,000	26,000	28,000	30,000
Transfers from Funds					
Reserve Funds	0	0	0	0	0
DCC	0	0	0	0	0
Transfer form Equity	296, 146	296,146	296,146	296,146	296,146
Accumulated Surplus	203,601	0	0	0	0
Total Revenue	10,553,712	3,830,379	3,975,081	4,010,262	4,046,274
Expenses					
Debt Interest	46,000	81,160	81,160	81,160	81,160
Debt Principal	58,550	65,215	65,215	65,215	65,215
Capital Expenditure	6,942,000	50,000	99,510	100,000	100,000
Deficiency	0	0	0	0	0
Other Municipal Purposes	0	0	0	0	0
General Municipal	2,010,543	2,010,807	2,051,023	2,092,043	2,133,884
Fire Protection	167,295	170,641	140,000	140,000	140,000
Water	383,195	425,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Sewer	389,449	375,000	380,000	385,000	385,000
Transfer to	0	0	0	0	0
Reserve Funds	260,534	356,411	362,027	350,698	344,869
Amortization Expense	296,146	296,146	296,146	296,146	296,146
Accumulated Surplus	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses	10,553,712	3,830,379	3,975,081	4,010,262	4,046,274

# Village of Ashcroft 2019-2023 Financial Plan Statement of Objectives and Policies Schedule 'B' of Bylaw No. 827

In accordance with Section 165(3.1) of the *Community Charter*, the Village of Ashcroft (Town) is required to include in the Five Year Financial Plan, objectives and policies regarding each of the following:

- 1. The proportion of total revenue that comes from each of the funding sources described in Section 165(7) of the *Community Charter*,
- 2. The distribution of property taxes among the property classes, and
- 3. The use of permissive tax exemptions.

## **Funding Sources**

Table 1 shows the proportion of total revenue proposed to be raised from each funding source in 2019. Property taxes form the greatest proportion of revenue. As a revenue source, property taxation offers a number of advantages, for example, it is simple to administer and it is fairly easy for residents to understand. It offers a stable and reliable source of revenue for services that are difficult to fund on a user-pay basis. These include services such as general administration, fire protection, police services, bylaw enforcement and street lighting.

User fees and charges form the second largest portion of planned revenue. Many services can be measured and charged on a user basis. Services where fees and charges can be easily administered include water and sewer usage, building permits, business licenses, and sale of services – these are charged on a user pay basis. User fees attempt to apportion the value of a service to those who use the service.

## **Objective**

• Over the next five years, the Village of Ashcroft will balance the proportion of revenue that is received from user fees and charges with the projected funds operations require.

#### **Policies**

- The Village will review all user fee levels to ensure they are adequately meeting both the capital and delivery costs of the service.
- Where possible, the Village will endeavor to supplement revenues from user fees and charges, rather than taxation, to lessen the burden on its limited property tax base.

Table 1: Sources of Revenue

Revenue Sources	% of Total Revenue	<b>Dollar Value</b>	
Property Taxes	12%	\$ 1,263,319	
Parcel Taxes	2%	\$ 168,500	
Sales of Service	9%	\$ 980,737	
Grants/Transfers	76%	\$ 8,031,906	
Borrowing Proceeds	0%	\$ -	
Other Sources	1%	\$ 109,250	
Total	100%	\$10,553,712	

<sup>\*</sup> contains 17.65% (\$183,185) Capital Replacement Reserve funds

### **Distribution of Property Tax Rates**

Table 2 outlines the distribution of property taxes among the property classes. The residential property class provides the largest proportion of property tax revenue. This is appropriate as this class also forms the largest portion of the assessment base and consumes the majority of Town services.

## **Objectives**

Maintain the property tax rate as low as possible while still providing for future needs.

#### **Policies**

- Continue to maintain and encourage economic development initiatives designed to attract more retail and commercial businesses to invest in the community. New investment from these areas will help offset tax increases while providing more revenue for the Village.
- Align the distribution of tax rates among the property classes with the social and economic goals of the community, particularly to encourage a range of employment opportunities.
- Regularly review and compare the Village of Ashcroft's tax burden relative to other municipalities in British Columbia.

Table 2: Distribution of Property Tax Rates

Property Class	% of Total Property Taxation	<b>Dollar Value</b>	
Residential (1)	60%	\$	764,159
Utilities (2)	10%	\$	129,522
Light Industrial (5)	0%	\$	3,313
Business and Other (6)*	28%	\$	349,383
Recreation/Non-profit (8)	0%	\$	649
Farmland (9)	1%	\$	16,293
Total	100%	\$	1,263,319

## **Permissive Tax Exemptions**

 The Annual Municipal Report for 2018 contains a list of permissive exemptions granted for the taxation year and the amount of revenue foregone. The list demonstrates the policy of council that permissive exemptions are granted to not-for-profit institutions that form a valuable part of our community. These include religious institutions and some recreational facilities and service organizations.

#### **Objective**

 To ensure permissive tax exemptions are utilized to maximize the benefit to the municipality and citizens.

#### Policy

• To maintain permissive exemptions for religious institutions, recreational facilities, and service organizations.

## Capital Asset Reserve

• In 2011 the Village recognized the need to accumulate funds to pay for future replacement of infrastructure. Accordingly a separate tax was established and funds collected are accounted for separately from general municipal taxes.

#### **Objective**

• To establish a reserve to fund future infrastructure replacement.

#### Policy

- To supplement revenues from government grants wherever possible to lessen the amount of funds utilized from the reserve fund.
- To seek out projects which will reduce the operating costs of the Village enabling them to repay funds back into the reserve over time.